ORIGINAL

1905

FILE No. 4 OF 1905-06.

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENT

LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL

SEPTEMBER

"A" Collection Serial Nos. 1—3

Rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies' Regulation, III of 1905.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Serial No. of File	Number and date of letter and contents	References	Page in A Progs
1	No. J. 298—Leg. 4-1, dated 26th July 1905. Publishes for general information draft of the above Rules.		1
2	Letter dated Bangalore, 14th August 1905, from the Honorary Secretary, the Bagnalore City Co-operative Society, Limited. Forwards an extract from the proceedings of a meeting of the Committee of management of the above Society, requesting that the quorum fixed in the proviso to Rule 7 of the above draft Rules be reduced from half to one-third as it is very difficult to secure the attendance of such a large number as half where the number of members is a large.		3
3	No. J. 982—Leg. 4-3, dated 27th September 1905. Notifies the Rules under the Co-operative Societies' Regulation.		4

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(LEGISLATION) FOR SEPTEMBER 1905.

NOTES

File No. 4 of 1905-06.

Rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905.

No. J. 298, dated 26th July 1905.

Publishes for general information draft of the above rules.

1. The Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja on the 28th June 1905, and will presently be promulgated as Regulation III of 1905.

2. In order to give full effect to its provisions, it is necessary—

(1) to appoint a Registrar under the Regulation, or at least to direct that some person shall in virtue of his office perform the duties of the Registrar. Perhaps the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies in the case of Societies in the Bangalore District, and the District Registrars in the case of Societies in other districts, may provisionally perform the functions of Registrar under the Regulation, till such time as a full-time Registrar is appointed;

(2) to frame rules on the most essential matters, leaving others to be dealt with as necessity arises.

3. The first point requires orders.

4. As regards the second, I have prepared a set of rules on the lines of those recently passed for the Bombay Presidency and for Coorg. I believe those embody as much as is immediately required.

5. It will be noticed that under Sub-section (3) of Section 27, the condition of "previous publication" (as defined in the General Clauses Regulation, 1899,* Section 23) has to be complied with. The draft rules may accordingly be published for general information, and taken up for consideration on or after the 1st August 1905.

See Mysore Code, Vol. II, page 511.

6. A notification to this effect is accordingly put up.

P. S.—The exemption to be granted under Section 25 may be notified separately, and need not go into these rules.

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR.
3-7-05.

7. Circulate.

B. K. VENKATA VARADA IYENGAR.
7-7-05.

8. Seen. The Draft Rules seem suitable and may be published as early as possible. They have been prepared on the lines of the Bombay and Coorg Rules. A rule corresponding to Rule 15 of the Coorg Rules has been omitted owing to its unsuitability to the conditions of Mysore.

C. SRINIVASIYENGAR
11-7-05.

9. May be passed.

C. MADIAH,
13-7-05.

10. The draft rules were considered at to-day's meeting of Council, and ordered to be published in the Gazette.

11. D. O. written to the Press Superintendent.

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR.
26-7-05.

12. Passed.

B. K. VENKATA VARADA IYENGAR.
26-7-05.

Submitted to His Highness.

13. To give full effect to the provisions of the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905, it has become necessary to frame rules on some of the most important matters immediately required for the working of these societies. The accompanying set of rules have been framed on the lines of those recently passed for the Bombay Presidency and for Coorg, and have been duly considered in the Council. They have been published in the Gazette and may be passed after the prescribed period is over.

P. N. K.
4-8-05.

Order.

14. Approved.

K. R. W.,
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.
8-8-05.

15. Order accordingly.

P. N. K.
10-8-05.

Rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905.

From the Honorary Assistant Secretary of the Bangalore City Co-operative Society, Limited., dated 14th August 1905.

Forwards for consideration an extract from the proceedings of the Committee of Management requesting that the quorum fixed in the proviso to Rule 7 of the draft rules may be reduced from half to one-third.

16. The object of previous publication of rules being to elicit suggestions of criticisms from persons interested, the Bangalore City Co-operative Society have taken the opportunity to suggest a modification in Rule 7, proviso (*b*).

17. The suggestion is based on practical experience, and deserves favorable consideration.

18. The proviso as at present drafted requires that a resolution to modify a bye-law should be passed by at least two-thirds of the members present at a meeting *and* one-half of the total number of members on the rolls. Accordingly, taking an extreme case of difference of opinion, the quorum that should be present at such a meeting is $(\frac{1}{2}x\frac{3}{2})$ or three-fourths of the entire members on the rolls, in order that a majority of two-thirds of the number present may be equal to at least half the total number. Such a requirement is evidently too high, and where the members are numerous, incapable of attainment. To insist on it will simply lead to dislocation of business. The proportion in question may therefore well be fixed at one-third of the total number, in which case the quorum need not in any case be more than $\frac{1}{3}x\frac{3}{2}$ or half of the entire number.

19. The rules, altered in this one particular, may now be issued. Draft notification submitted for approval.

K. S. CHENDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
17-8-05.

20. The above alteration has been suggested on personal experience. Submitted to the Dewan Sahib through the 1st Councillor.

B. K. VENKATA VARADA IYENGAR,
17-8-05.

21. Two-thirds of the number present is all right, but one half of the total number is likely to cause serious inconvenience as pointed out above. The reduction of the latter to one-third is reasonable with this slight modification, the rules may be finally passed. I may however note that a Registrar has to come into existence simultaneously with the promulgation of the rules.

C. S.
18-8-05.

22. Amendment may be approved.

C. M.
22-8-05.

23. Submitted to the Dewan Saheb.

B. K. VENKATA VARADA IYENGAR.
22-8-05.

Submitted to His Highness.

24. The rules framed under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation were approved by His Highness on the 8th instant. The rules may now be finally passed with a single alteration. Proviso (*b*) to Rule 7 requires that a resolution making, altering or abrogating bye-laws shall be passed "by not less than two-thirds of the members present at the general meeting and *by not less than half of the total number of the members.*" In practice it is found inconvenient to get a quorum of half the total strength of the Society and it is, therefore, proposed to reduce it to one-third. The Council is in favor of this amendment which may be sanctioned by His Highness.

25. Simultaneously with the final promulgation of these rules, a Registrar has to be called into existence. The accompanying papers also contain the discussion of the case by the Council.

26. The two points for determination are (1) whether a whole-time officer is needed; (2) if so, whether the appointment should be permanent and what pay should be attached to it.

27. On the first point the Council is unanimous in thinking that a whole-time officer is indispensable. The first Councillor has been of that opinion from the commencement. Though whole-time officers have been appointed in British India, still the Second Councillor and I entertained doubts as regards the necessity for a whole-time officer in Mysore. The Second Councillor has after some consideration come to the conclusion that the undivided attention of an officer is necessary to secure successful results. To create a spirit of co-operation among the people and then to organize it are by no means easy. That work is specially difficult when the people's faith in co-operation has been somewhat rudely shaken by the failure of most of the Agricultural Banks. Still I should have hesitated to positively assert that a whole-time officer would have sufficient work in administering the Regulation and the rules framed under it. But I find that certain suitable spheres of work for which there is no provision now can be advantageously tacked on to him. The possibility of combining the functions of any one or more of the existing offices was considered by the Council; but no one combination has met with its approval. But I think that the Registrar may also be charged with the duty of acquainting himself with the condition of the various industries in the State, of studying the causes of their decline and of suggesting suitable measures to arrest it. This itself would open a wide field for work; but to it may be added the function of collecting and systematising commercial statistics about which the Government have now little or no information. This officer may work under the Revenue Commissioner, who is also Director of Statistics.

28. Turning to the second point, it should be observed that the Council first came to the unanimous conclusion that the appointment should be a permanent one and that the grade should be one starting with Rs. 500 and rising to Rs. 700 by annual increments of Rs. 50. (Please see my note on the Agenda paper.) At first there was divided opinion in the Council, which was recorded by me. But before the meeting was over, the Council reverted to the subject and concluded that Mr. Shama Rao, M. A., might be appointed Registrar on Rs. 600 rising to Rs. 700 by yearly increments of Rs. 50. Subsequently an idea to combine the duties of the Circle Inspector with those of Registrar occurred to my mind, and I accordingly circulated the proposal to the Councillors on the 5th instant. The First Councillor in his reply, dated the 5th August, did not question the propriety of having a permanent Registrar; but for the first time and in opposition to his original views, he doubted it and suggested that an Assistant Commissioner appointed as Registrar might be given an allowance of Rs. 150. Mr. Madiah's opinion too underwent a slight change since he wrote on the 5th August that the appointment might be limited to two years as his work would be finished within that period. I regret I cannot agree with either of them. An allowance, however liberal, will not in my opinion be a sufficient incentive for good work. It should be noted that the work is altogether new and that the success of the scheme which promises to be so very conducive to

the well being of the people mainly hinges upon the enthusiasm of the officer first appointed. The appointment should be such as not only to arouse but sustain it. In short, the experiment should be introduced under the most favorable circumstances. A departure from this wisepolicy of the British Indian Government might lead to disastrous results. As regards the Second Councillor's opinion, I am afraid that it is too optimistic to think that the Registrar will get to the end of his work in two years. This is certainly not the experience in the British Indian Provinces. The apprehension that the scheme would fail has not precluded the British Indian Government from creating a whole-time permanent appointment. Should, however, the scheme fail and the necessity for the appointment cease, it might be absorbed as was done in the case of the office of Inspector of Agricultural Banks. This contingency will, in my opinion, act as a far better incentive than mere allowance.

29. As regards the grade, the Second Councillor and I (and the First Councillor shared this opinion at the Council Meeting held on the 25th July last, are of the opinion that it should start with Rs. 500 and rise to Rs. 700 by annual increments of Rs. 50. It would be just better than that of a Senior Assistant Commissioner and inferior to that of a Deputy Commissioner. In British Indian Provinces the status of a Registrar corresponds with that of a junior Collector.

30. As regards the candidate, the Second Councillor and I are of the opinion that Mr. Shama Rao, M. A., Assistant Secretary under me, will be the most competent person. The First Councillor also thought so at the meeting and mentions Mr. Shama Rao's name in his Note. He has a thorough grasp of the principles underlying Co-operative Societies and has been mainly instrumental in starting one such society in Bangalore. He likes the subject and is likely to work enthusiastically. He has been drawing Rs. 500 for nearly four years, besides having the concession of a free carriage. Mr. Madiah and I think that the grade of Rs. 500-50-700 with a starting pay of Rs. 600 is not too much for Mr. Shama Rao. On this point there is practically unanimous opinion, as the First Councillor thinks that Mr. Shama Rao deserves both the grade and the starting pay though as Circle Inspector.

31. In these circumstances, Mr. Shama Rao's appointment as Registrar of Co-operative Societies on Rs. 600 rising to Rs. 700 by yearly increments of Rs. 50, may be graciously sanctioned by His Highness.

P. N. K.
24-8-05.

Order.

32. I consider that the proposed appointment is absolutely necessary if the advantages of co-operation and the facilities afforded by the recently passed Regulation are to be brought home to all classes in the State. I understand that Mr. Shama Rao has devoted much attention to the subject, and I have every hope therefore that his appointment will be productive of much benefit.

33. The continuance of the appointment may, I think, be reconsidered at the end of two years. If it proves a success it will not be because the work is terminated but because it has been successfully started. The Registrar's work instead of diminishing should increase every year. I should like the Registrar to keep a diary in some detail and to forward it to me once a quarter for information. The possibilities are great and I wish to be kept continuously informed of the progress effected.

K. R. W.,
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.
4-9-05.

34. Order accordingly.

35. The Registrar will draw the travelling batta and allowances as Deputy Secretary. Submit the draft order for approval. The notification appointing him Registrar may however be published at once.

P. N. K.
7-9-05.

Submitted to His Highness.

36. The appointment of Mr. Shama Rao as Registrar has been notified and an order about his appointment issued. The sanction of His Highness is again solicited for the modification of the rule referred to in my former note.

P. N. K.
10-9-05.

Order.

37. Sanctioned.

K. R. W.,
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.
23-9-05.

38. Order accordingly.

P. N. K.
24-9-05.

Notification No. J. 982, dated 27th September 1905.

Notifies the rules made under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905.

Rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905.

FILE NO. 4 OF 1905-06.

NOTIFICATION.

No. J. 298—Legis. 4-1, dated the 26th July 1905.

The following draft of Rules proposed to be made under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905, is published for general information. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th day of August 1905. **Serial No. 1.**

Draft Rules.

1. (1) These Rules may be called the Co-operative Societies Rules, 1905.

(2) "The Regulation" shall mean the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, 1905.

(3) Words defined in the Regulation shall bear the meanings respectively assigned to them therein.

2. (1) Every application for registration of a society under Section 6, Sub-Section (1), of the Regulation shall contain the particulars specified in, and be in the form of, Schedule A.

(2) With every such application two copies of the bye-laws proposed for the society shall be submitted.

3. As soon as possible after the receipt of such application, the Registrar shall intimate to the applicants that he has registered the society or communicate his reasons for refusing to do so.

4. Where the Registrar refuses to register a society, an appeal shall lie to the Government, who may direct the Registrar to register the society.

5. (1) The matters in respect of which every society shall make bye-laws are the following, namely:—

(*a*) the name and address of the society;

(*b*) the objects for which the society is established, the purposes for which the funds thereof are applicable, the terms of admission of members, the conditions under which members may obtain loans, and the consequences of default in payment of any sum due by a member;

(*c*) the mode of holding meetings, the right of voting, and, subject to the provisions of Rules 6 and 7, the manner of making, altering and abrogating bye-laws;

(*d*) the rights and liabilities of membership;

(*e*) the mode of appointment and removal of a committee and of officers (if any), and the powers and duties of the committee and the officers;

(*f*) the manner in which capital may be raised by means of shares or debentures, or by borrowing from persons who are not members, or by deposits from members, or otherwise; and

(*g*) the mode of custody and of investment of the funds and, subject to Rules 9 and 12, the mode of keeping the accounts.

(2) Every society may make bye-laws in respect of any other matters incidental to the management of its business.

6. When a society has been registered, the bye-laws submitted under Rule 2, Sub-Rule (2), shall, subject to any modifications approved by the Registrar, become the bye-laws of the society on their being adopted by a majority at a meeting of not less than two-thirds of the members.

7. Bye-laws may be made, altered or abrogated thereafter in accordance with a resolution passed at a general meeting of the society:

Provided that—

(*a*) due notice of any proposal to make, alter or abrogate is given in accordance with the bye-laws;

(*b*) the resolution is passed by not less than two-thirds the members present at the general meeting and by not less than half of the total number of the members; and

(*c*) the making, alteration or abrogation is approved by the Registrar.

8. Where the Registrar refuses approval to the making, alteration or abrogation of any bye-laws, an appeal shall lie to the Government, who may direct the Registrar to withdraw his refusal.

9. Every society shall keep the following accounts and books, namely :—

(*a*) Register of members and of persons nominated under Rule 13 ;
(*b*) Register of shares or debentures (if capital is raised by shares or debentures),
(*c*) Cash Account ;
(*d*) Members' Loan Accounts ;
(*e*) Depositors' Accounts ;
(*f*) Interest Account ;
(*g*) Expenses Account ; and
(*h*) Bank Account.

10. Every society shall also keep—

(*a*) a minute-book in which the proceedings of general meetings, and

(*b*) a minute-book in which the proceedings of meetings of the committee shall be recorded.

11. For the purpose of Section 22 of the Regulation, copies of entries in the books of any society may be certified by any officer of the society.

12. On or before a date to be fixed in the bye-laws the committee shall publish an annual balance-sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the society. This balance sheet shall be open to the inspection of any member during office hours at the office of the society, and a copy thereof shall be submitted to the Registrar.

13. (1) Every member of a society may nominate a person to whom or to whose credit the sum specified in Section 16 of the Regulation shall be paid or transferred on the death of such member.

(2) The name and address of every person so nominated shall be entered in the register kept under Rule 9, clause (*a*).

(3) The value of the share or interest of a deceased member referred to in Section 16 of the Regulation shall be ascertained by the committee, who shall for this purpose estimate the respective amounts due from and to such member on the day of his death and deduct the former from the latter.

14. The Registrar shall keep a register of the names and addresses of all societies.

SCHEDULE.

Form of Application (see Rule 2).

1. Name of the society_____
2. Address to be registered_____
3. State whether liability of members is limited or unlimited _____
4. Application to register a society under the above name is made by the persons* whose names are subscribed hereunder.

* Ten or more.

5. The matters required by Rules 5 and 12 to be set forth in the bye-laws are provided for in the following manner, *viz.* :—

Reference	Serial numbers of bye-laws in which corresponding provision is made
Rule 5, clause (*a*)	
" " (*b*)	
" " (*c*)	
" " (*d*)	
" " (*e*)	
" " (*f*)	
" " (*g*)	
Rule 12	

Rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905.

6. With this application are sent two copies of the proposed bye-laws signed by each of the applicants, and a statement* showing name, age, profession, and place of residence of each of the subscribers.

See Appendix I.

Signatures (1) _____
(2) _____
(3) _____
(4) _____
(5) _____
(6) _____
(7) _____
(8) _____
(9) _____
(10) _____
(11) _____
(12) _____
(13) _____
(14) _____
(15) _____

Date _____

To

The Registrar, Co-operative Societies,
Bangalore.

APPENDIX I.

Statement showing the particulars referred to in paragraph 6 of Schedule A.

Name and father's name	Age	Tribe, class or caste	Profession	Place of residence (village, taluk and district)
(1)				
(2)				
(3)				
(4)				
(5)				
(6)				
(7)				
(8)				
(9)				
(10)				
(11)				
(12)				
(13)				
(14)				
(15)				

Letter dated Bangalore 14th August 1905, from the Honorary Secretary the. Bangalore City Co-oprative Society Limited, to the Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore in the General and Revenue Department.

Serial No. 2

I have the honor to submit herewith an extract from the resolutions passed at a meeting held on the 13th instant by the Managing Committee of the Bangalore City Co-operative Society and to request that you will be so good as to place the matter before the Government for being considered when finally passing the Rules recently published in the official Gazette.

Extract from the proceedings of the Committee of Management of the Co-operative Society, Bangalore, held at the Society's premises on Sunday the 13th August 1905.

II. That the Government be approached with a request that the quorum fixed in the proviso to Rule 7 of their Draft Rules be reduced from half to one-third, as it is difficult to secure the attendance of such a large number as half especially where the total number of members is a large one. In the case of this Co-operative Society, for instance, the number is as high as 170 and it is found very difficult in practice to secure the attendance of as many as 30 or 40 members even for the most important meetings.

Rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905.

NOTIFICATION.

No. J. 932—Legis. 4-3, dated the 27th September 1905.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to make the following Rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905.

1. (1) These Rules may be called the Co-operative Societies Rules, 1905.

(2) "The Regulation" shall mean the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, 1905.

(3) Words defined in the Regulation shall bear the meanings respectively assigned to them therein.

2. (1) Every application for registration of a society under Section 6, Sub-Section (1), of the Regulation shall contain the particulars specified in, and be in the form of, Schedule A.

(2) With every such application two copies of the bye-laws proposed for the society shall be submitted.

3. As soon as possible after the receipt of such application, the Registrar shall intimate to the applicants that he has registered the society or communicate his reasons for refusing to do so.

4. Where the Registrar refuses to register a society, an appeal shall lie to the Government, who may direct the Registrar to register the society.

5. (1) The matters in respect of which every society shall make bye-laws are the following, namely:—

(*a*) the name and address of the society;

(*b*) the objects for which the society is established, the purposes for which the funds thereof are applicable, the terms of admission of members, the conditions under which members may obtain loans, and the consequences of default in payment of any sum due by a member;

(*c*) the mode of holding meetings, the right of voting, and, subject to the provisions of Rules 6 and 7, the manner of making, altering and abrogating bye-laws;

(*d*) the rights and liabilities of membership;

(*e*) the mode of appointment and removal of a committee and of officers (if any), and the powers and duties of the committee and the officers;

(*f*) the manner in which capital may be raised by means of shares or debentures, or by borrowing from persons who are not members, or by deposits from members, or otherwise; and

(*g*) the mode of custody and of investment of the funds and, subject to Rules 9 and 12, the mode of keeping the accounts.

(2) Every society may make bye-laws in respect of any other matters incidental to the management of its business.

6. When a society has been registered, the bye-laws submitted under Rule 2, Sub-Rule (2), shall, subject to any modifications approved by the Registrar, become the bye-laws of the society on their being adopted by a majority at a meeting of not less than two-thirds of the members.

7. Bye-laws may be made, altered or abrogated thereafter in accordance with a resolution passed at a general meeting of the society:

Provided that—

(*a*) due notice of any proposal to make, alter or abrogate is given in accordance with the bye-laws;

(*b*) the resolution is passed by not less than two-thirds the members present at the general meeting and by not less than one-third of the total number of the members; and

(*c*) the making, alteration or abrogation is approved by the Registrar.

8. Where the Registrar refuses approval to the making, alteration or abrogation of any bye-laws, an appeal shall lie to the Government, who may direct the Registrar to withdraw his refusal.

9. Every society shall keep the following accounts and books, namely :—

(*a*) Register of members and of persons nominated under Rule 13 ;
(*b*) Register of shares or debentures (if capital is raised by shares or debentures),
(*c*) Cash Account ;
(*d*) Members' Loan Accounts ;
(*e*) Depositors' Accounts ;
(*f*) Interest Account ;
(*g*) Expenses Account ; and
(*h*) Bank Account.

10. Every society shall also keep—

(*a*) a minute-book in which the proceedings of general meetings, and

(*b*) a minute-book in which the proceedings of meetings of the committee shall be recorded.

11. For the purpose of Section 22 of the Regulation, copies of entries in the books of any society may be certified by any officer of the society.

12. On or before a date to be fixed in the bye-laws the committee shall publish an annual balance-sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the society. This balance sheet shall be open to the inspection of any member during office hours at the office of the society, and a copy thereof shall be submitted to the Registrar.

13. (1) Every member of a society may nominate a person to whom or to whose credit the sum specified in Section 16 of the Regulation shall be paid or transferred on the death of such member.

(2) The name and address of every person so nominated shall be entered in the register kept under Rule 9, clause (*a*).

(3) The value of the share or interest of a deceased member referred to in Section 16 of the Regulation shall be ascertained by the committee, who shall for this purpose estimate the respective amounts due from and to such member on the day of his death and deduct the former from the latter.

14. The Registrar shall keep a register of the names and addresses of all societies.

B. K. VENKATA VARADA IYENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Dept.
17—8—1905.

SCHEDULE.

Form of Application (see Rule 2).

1. Name of the society_____
2. Address to be registered_____
3. State whether liability of members is limited or unlimited_____
4. Application to register a society under the above name is made by the persons* whose names are subscribed hereunder.

Ten or more.

5. The matters required by Rules 5 and 12 to be set forth in the bye-laws are provided for in the following manner, *viz.* :—

Reference	Serial numbers of bye-laws in which corresponding provision is made
Rule 5, clause (*a*)	
,, ,, (*b*)	
,, ,, (*c*)	
,, ,, (*d*)	
,, ,, (*e*)	
,, ,, (*f*)	
,, ,, (*g*)	
Rule 12	

Rules under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, III of 1905.

6. With this application are sent two copies of the proposed bye-laws signed by each of the applicants, and a statement* showing name, age, profession, and place of residence of each of the subscribers.

* See Appendix I.

Signatures (1) _____
(2) _____
(3) _____
(4) _____
(5) _____
(6) _____
(7) _____
(8) _____
(9) _____
(10) _____
(11) _____
(12) _____
(13) _____
(14) _____
(15) _____

Date _____

To

The Registrar, Co-operative Societies,

Bangalore.

APPENDIX I.

Statement showing the particulars referred to in paragraph 6 of Schedule A.

Name and father's name	Age	Tribe, class or caste	Profession	Place of residence (village, taluk and district)
(1)				
(2)				
(3)				
(4)				
(5)				
(6)				
(7)				
(8)				
(9)				
(10)				
(11)				
(12)				
(13)				
(14)				
(15)				